

Curriculum Skills Progression Map - Geography

	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Location Knowledge		I can talk about some features of the areas where I live	<p>I can name and locate the seas surrounding the United Kingdom</p> <p>I can demonstrate knowledge about my local area</p> <p>I can discuss some aspects relating to the physical and human geography of my local area</p> <p>I can name and locate the 7 continents</p>	<p>I can name the seasons and describe the basic UK seasonal weather patterns</p> <p>I can name some different parts of the UK and state that the weather may vary there</p> <p>I can describe locational and place knowledge about my locality, and the UK as a whole</p> <p>I can explain that many different types of food come from the different UK regions</p>	<p>I can name the main countries in the Northern hemisphere and can name and locate capital & major cities, major rivers.</p> <p>I can explain where the 3 main rivers of the world are: Nile, Amazon, Danube,</p> <p>I can locate, describe and compare coastal environments in the UK</p> <p>I can describe longitude and latitude</p>	<p>I can identify countries in the Northern and Southern Hemispheres in Europe (inc Russia) North and South America and locate them on a map.</p> <p>I can locate: Mississippi, Mekong, Ganges, Danube, Yangtze rivers on the world map.</p> <p>I can describe where the UK is located, using locational terminology (north, south, east, west) and name nearby counties</p>	<p>I can name and locate many of the world's most mountainous regions (eg Rockies, Andes, Himalayas and Alps)</p> <p>I can locate more unusual rivers across the world and know why they are important: Sepik, Volga, Zambezi, Mekong</p> <p>I can name and locate key topographical features of the UK</p>	<p>I can confidently use an atlas to locate key deserts in all 7 continents and be able to explain the key features such as cause and size.</p> <p>I can explain where minerals are found around the world</p> <p>I can locate places studied in relation to the Equator, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, latitude and longitude, and relate this to their time zone, climate, seasons and vegetation</p>

<p>Place Knowledge</p>	<p>I can make observations about their local environment e.g. park, school, home</p>	<p>I can talk about features of their own immediate environment and how environments may vary from one another.</p>	<p>I can name, describe and compare familiar places (local area)</p> <p>I can understand some present changes that are happening in the local environment e.g. at school</p>	<p>I can understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country</p>	<p>I can understand why there are similarities and differences between places - with a focus on a region within the UK.</p> <p>I can develop an awareness of how places relate to each other- region, town, city, county, hamlet etc.</p>	<p>I can understand the wider context of places – region, country (within Europe)</p> <p>I can understand why there are physical and human similarities and differences between places within Europe.</p>	<p>I can compare the physical and human features of a region of the UK and a region of North America, identifying similarities and differences</p>	<p>I can understand the geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the UK, a region of a mainland European country and a region within North or South America</p>
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Human and Physical Geography	I can use simple vocabulary to talk about the weather e.g. cold, hot, wet, snow	<p>I can make observations and express their views of the environment.</p> <p>I can explain why geographic changes occur</p>	<p>I can identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom</p> <p>I can begin to use resources that are given to them, and their own observations, to ask and respond to questions about places and environments</p> <p>I can begin to use basic geographical vocabulary for physical and human features</p>	<p>I can compare seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and another locality world wide</p> <p>I can express opinions compare and contrast the features of different geographical places</p> <p>I can make observations in order to ask and respond to questions about places and human and physical environments</p> <p>I can independently use basic geographical vocabulary for physical and human features</p>	<p>I can use Geographical vocabulary is used consistently throughout each piece of work</p> <p>I can compare and contrast seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and parts of Europe</p>	<p>I can begin to use Geographical vocabulary correctly throughout pieces of work using evidence to explain an answer in more detail.</p> <p>I can begin to explore weather patterns in parts around the world (continents) and relate these to climate zones</p>	<p>I can use Geographical vocabulary correctly (all majority of the time) throughout pieces of work using evidence to explain an answer in more detail.</p> <p>I can explore and explain weather patterns around the world (continents) and relate these to climate zones, biomes and vegetation zones.</p> <p>I can explore trade</p> <p>I can describe the impact of human geography to physical geography.</p>	<p>I can use Geographical vocabulary correctly (all the time) throughout pieces of work using evidence to explain an answer in more detail.</p> <p>I can discuss the impact on climate change</p>

Geographical Skills and Fieldwork Hypothetical question - starter	<p>I can talk about what they see on the way to school.</p> <p>I can name simple features e.g trees, ground, wall, grass, road</p>	<p>I can use some descriptive vocabulary to describe features e.g tall tree, long wall</p> <p>I can use simple directional language (near, far, in front, behind etc.).</p> <p>I can ask questions about their familiar world (where they live or the natural world)</p> <p>I can discuss daily</p>	<p>I can use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geographical features of the local environment.</p> <p>I can use simple locational and directional language including simple compass points (N, E, S, W).</p> <p>I can devise a simple map and use basic symbols in a key of a known specific area.</p>	<p>I can use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of key human and physical features.</p> <p>I can use world maps, atlases to identify the UK and contrasting localities.</p> <p>I can use maps, atlases and globes to identify the continents and oceans.</p> <p>I can use simple compass directions (North, East, South and West), to describe the location of features and routes on a map.</p> <p>I can use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical</p>	<p>I can use a key to locate public services/amenities on a map</p> <p>I can use maps, atlases and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.</p> <p>I can start to use the eight points of a compass, introduce four-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom.</p>	<p>I can use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries; identify and describe features studied.</p> <p>I can collect and accurately measure information (e.g. rainfall, temperature, wind speed, noise levels etc.).</p> <p>I can choose appropriate resources to investigate an aspect of an area. (topic specific)</p>	<p>I can identify symbols on OS maps and can begin to use compass points confidently.</p> <p>I can identify a location using lines of latitude and longitude.</p> <p>I can research, represent and interpret data regarding extreme weather and climate.</p> <p>I can start to analyse and draw conclusions about a place, based on a range of statistics.</p> <p>I can start to use a range of resources to give support to details and opinions of the characteristic features of a place.</p>	<p>I can read OS maps, identify common symbols and use the 8 compass points.</p> <p>I can use longitude and latitude to identify locations (including time zones).</p> <p>I can use field work to create representations of a location.</p> <p>I can use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied.</p>
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<p>Geographical Skills and Fieldwork</p> <p>Hypothetical question – starter</p>		<p>weather/ seasons.</p>	<p>I can use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries</p> <p>I can use locational and directional language e.g. near, far, left, right, up, down, forwards and backwards</p> <p>I can describe the location of features and routes on maps and photos of a known specific area.</p> <p>I can conduct a survey to collect data</p>	<p>features: devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.</p>	<p>I can use orienteering skills to find different locations.</p> <p>I can collect data with a focus on human geography, and start to identify links to physical geography.</p>		<p>I can use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied.</p> <p>I can use the eight points of a compass, extend to eight-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom in the past and present.</p>	<p>I can use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the wider area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.</p> <p>I can introduce the use of quadrants to compare the school and local environment</p>

<p>Geographical Skills and Fieldwork</p> <p>Hypothetical question - starter</p>			<p>(eg. types and numbers of plants / weather patterns).</p> <p>I can use simple digital technology to record what is seen and support observation.</p>				<p>I can use fieldwork (residential and non residential) to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the wider area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.</p> <p>I can use orienteering skills to locate different objects on a given map. Study the environment by pond dipping and stream studies.</p>	
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Vocabulary	<p>trees grass ground wall road weather hot cold wet snow</p>	<p>under through next to behind seasons forest river beach house school shop park</p>	<p>beach cliff coast forest hill mountain sea ocean river soil valley continent month year season</p> <p>summer autumn winter spring <i>(from Maths NC)</i></p> <p>weather hot cold <i>desert</i> <i>(vaguely; i.e. more detail at Y3)</i> rain gauge, wind sock, wind vane</p> <p>equal to, more/less than, larger</p>	<p>vegetation seasonal daily <i>(weekly monthly etc)</i> fortnight <i>January February (etc)</i></p> <p><i>island peninsula</i></p> <p>poles equator <i>temperature thermometer</i></p> <p>habitat, life cycle, food chain, food web <i>(from Sci NC)</i></p> <p><i>compare order value rank represents, stands for, exact(ly) round nearest</i></p> <p><i>fractions</i></p> <p><i>symbol calculate, measuring scale</i></p> <p><i>similarity difference</i></p>	<p>rivers mountains, natural resources, characteristic</p> <p>climate zones, vegetation belts <i>(forest, grassland, tundra, desert, ice sheet)</i> climate soil <i>tropical temperate</i></p> <p>igneous metamorphic sedimentary pressure heat crystals fossil organic <i>(from Sci NC)</i></p> <p><i>corresponding equivalent positive negative</i></p> <p><i>round up/down, approximate(ly) estimate remainder</i></p>	<p>volcano earthquake <i>epicentre zenith focus tectonic</i></p> <p>biome <i>vegetation region</i> dominant environment al <i>anemometer barometer</i></p> <p>water cycle, precipitation evaporation condensation <i>(from Sci NC)</i></p> <p><i>negative numbers</i></p> <p><i>increase, decrease factor</i></p>	<p>topography erosion stock stack column cave cliff wave force friction gravity <i>(from Sci NC)</i></p> <p><i>latitude longitude Equator, N&S Hemisphere, Tropics of Cancer & Capricorn, Prime/Greenwich Meridian</i></p> <p><i>Name and locate remaining countries and capitals of the Americas</i></p> <p><i>Identify countries and cities on other continents that are of interest to children eg Bangladesh</i></p>	<p>Name and locate countries/cities on other continents that might be / have been in the news: Afghanistan Iran Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Yemen, North & South Korea, Hong Kong, Zimbabwe Sudan</p> <p>economy, zone/sphere of influence, demographic</p> <p>recurring quantities scale proportion ratio <i>(from Maths NC)</i> adaptation evolution, survival of the fittest, <i>(from Sci NC)</i></p>
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Vocabulary		<p><i>smaller most least half whole share group</i></p> <p><i>above below underneath centre journey guess nearly roughly, close to, old(er) new(er)</i></p> <p><i>Europe Africa Asia, North & South America, Antarctica Australia</i></p> <p><i>Pacific Atlantic Indian Arctic Antarctic (Southern)</i></p> <p><i>England London Scotland Edinburgh</i></p>	<p><i>office port harbour estuary bay</i></p> <p><i>channel</i></p> <p><i>material artificial natural (from Sci NC)</i></p>	<p><i>data(base) row column cell</i></p> <p><i>Regions: North East, North West, Yorkshire and the Humber, West Midlands, East Midlands, East Anglia, (Greater) London, South East, South West</i></p> <p><i>Orkney Shetland Herbrides archipelago</i></p> <p><i>authority council government borough district administration municipality</i></p> <p><i>Arctic Circle, Antarctic Circle, tropics/tropical</i></p> <p><i>hemisphere (from Maths NC)</i></p>	<p><i>plot quadrant origin</i></p> <p><i>economic activity, trade links, land use, finance retail municipal industrial employment infrastructure , arable pastoral, mixed farming, carrying capacity, statistics contiguous</i></p> <p><i>impact settlement waste sewage pollution, sound pollution (from Sci NC)</i></p>	<p><i>Indonesia Malaysia Singapore, New Zealand, Madagascar erosion distribution (of natural resources etc)</i></p> <p><i>arrive depart statistics timetable, line graph, bar line chart, mode range maximum minimum outcome (from Maths NC)</i></p> <p><i>million (from Maths NC - so understand more than in Y3)</i></p>	

Vocabulary		<p> <i>Wales Cardiff, Northern Ireland, Belfast area same different point city town village factory farm house shop weekend journey abroad</i> </p> <p> <i>capital country</i> </p> <p> <i>object (from Sci NC</i> </p>		<p> <i>region, case study, contrast compare settlement locality community culture energy renewable minerals function (inter)national canal waterway</i> </p> <p> <i>amount worth expensive (from Maths NC)</i> </p> <p> <i>million billion</i> </p>			
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