## <u>Curriculum Skills Progression Map - Geography</u>

	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		I can talk about some	I can name and locate	I can name the seasons and	I can name the main countries	I can identify countries in the	I can name and locate many of the	I can confidently use an atlas to locate
Location Knowledge		about some features of the areas where I live	and locate the seas surrounding the United Kingdom  I can demonstrate knowledge about my local area  I can discuss some aspects relating to the physical and human geography of my local area  I can name and locate the 7 continents	seasons and describe the basic UK seasonal weather patterns  I can name some different parts of the UK and state that the weather may vary there  I can describe locational and place knowledge about my locality, and the UK as a whole  I can explain that many different types of food come from the different UK regions	main countries in the Northern hemisphere and can name and locate capital & major cities, major rivers.  I can explain where the 3 main rivers of the world are: Nile, Amazon, Danube, I can locate, describe and compare coastal environments in the UK I can describe longitude and latitude	countries in the Northern and Southern Hemispheres in Europe (inc Russia) North and South America and locate them on a map.  I can locate: Mississippi, Mekong, Ganges, Danube, Yangtze rivers on the world map.  I can describe where the UK is located, using locational terminology (north, south, east, west) and name nearby counties	locate many of the world's most mountainous regions (eg Rockies, Andes, Himalayas and Alps)  I can locate more unusual rivers across the world and know why they are important: Sepik, Volga, Zambezi, Mekong  I can name and locate key topographical features of the UK	an atlas to locate key deserts in all 7 continents and be able to explain the key features such as cause and size.  I can explain where minerals are found around the world  I can locate places studied in relation to the Equator, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, latitude and longitude, and relate this to their time zone, climate, seasons and vegetation

			I can name	I can name,	I can locate	I can name and	I can begin to	I can locate the	
			and locate	locate and	the Equator,	locate the UK's	locate the tropical,	tropical, temperate	
			the world's 5	identify	Northern and	most significant	temperate and	and polar climate	
			oceans	characteristics of	Southern	river and	polar climate zones	zones on a globe or	
				the four countries	hemispheres,	mountain	on a globe or map,	map, name	
			I know the	capital cities and	Tropics of	environments	name examples	examples and have	
			relative	other main cities,	Cancer and		and have some	some understanding	
			locations of	e.g Manchester,	Capricorn,	I can locate the	understanding of	of them	
			the	within the of the	North and	Prime/Greenwich	them		
			continents	United Kingdom,	South Poles	Meridian on a			
			and oceans	and its	and Arctic and	globe and world			
Location			to the	surrounding seas	Antarctic	map			
Knowledge			equator and		Circles on				
			North and		world maps				
			South Poles	I can describe an	and globes				
				island located					
			I can name	inside and					
			and locate	outside of Europe					
			the capital	using					
			cities of the	geographical					
			UK on a map	terms such as					
			and they can	beach, forest, hill,					
			use the map	Mountain, Ocean					
			to find out	and valley, stating					
			where they	the differences &					
			live.	similarities					
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	l can	I can talk	I can name,	I can understand	l can	I can understand	I can compare the	I can understand the	
	make	about	describe and	geographical	understand	the wider context	physical and	geographical	
	observati	features of	compare	similarities and	why there are	of places –	human features of	similarities and	
	ons about	their own	familiar	differences	similarities and	region, country	a region of the UK	differences through	
	their local	immediate	places (local	through studying	differences	(within Europe)	and a region of	the study of human	
	environm	environmen	area)	the human and	between		North America,	and physical	
	ent e.g	t and how		physical	places - with a	I can understand	identifying	geography of a	
	park,	environmen	I can	geography of a	focus on a	why there are	similarities and	region of the UK, a	
	school,	ts may vary	understand	small area of the	region within	physical and	differences	region of a mainland	
	home	from one	some present	United Kingdom,	the UK.	human		European country	
		another.	changes that	and of a small		similarities and		and a region within	
			are	area in a	I can develop	differences		North or South	
			happening in	contrasting non-	an awareness	between places		America	
Place			the local	European country	of how places	within Europe.			
Knowledge			environment		relate to each				
			e.g. at school		other- region,				
					town, city,				
					county, hamlet				
					etc.				
								1	

	I can use	I can make	I can identify	I can compare	I can use	I can begin to	I can use	I can use
	simple	observation	seasonal and	seasonal and daily	Geographical	use	Geographical	Geographical
	vocabular	s and	daily weather	weather patterns in	vocabulary is	Geographical	vocabulary	vocabulary correctly
	y to talk	express	patterns in	the United Kingdom	used	vocabulary	correctly (all	(all the time)
	about the	their views	the United	and another locality	consistently	correctly	majority of the	throughout pieces of
	weather	of the	Kingdom	world wide	throughout	throughout	time) throughout	work using evidence
	e.g. cold,	environmen			each piece of	pieces of work	pieces of work	to explain an answer
	hot, wet,	t.	I can begin to	I can express	work	using evidence	using evidence to	in more detail.
	snow		use resources	opinions compare		to explain an	explain an answer	
		I can	that are	and contrast the	I can compare	answer in	in more detail.	I can discuss the
		explain why	given to	features of different	and contrast	more detail.		impact on climate
		geographic	them, and	geographical places	seasonal and		I can explore and	change
Human and		changes	their own		daily weather	I can begin to	explain weather	
Physical		occur	observations,	I can make	patterns in the	explore	patterns around	
Geography			to ask and	observations in	United	weather	the world	
			respond to	order to ask and	Kingdom and	patterns in	(continents) and	
			questions	respond to	parts of	parts around	relate these to	
			about places	questions about	Europe	the world	climate zones,	
			and	places and human		(continents)	biomes and	
			environment	and physical		and relate	vegetation zones.	
			S	environments		these to		
						climate zones	I can explore trade	
			I can begin	I can independently				
			to use basic	use basic			I can describe the	
			geographical	geographical			impact of human	
			vocabulary	vocabulary for			geography to	
			for physical	physical and human			physical	
			and human	features			geography.	
			features					

	I can talk	I can use	I can use	I can use simple	I can use a key	I can use	I can identify	I can read OS maps,
	about	some	simple	fieldwork and	to locate	maps, atlases,	symbols on OS	identify common
	what they	descriptive	fieldwork and	observational skills	public	globes and	maps and can	symbols and use the
	see on	vocabulary	observational	to study the	services/ameni	digital	begin to use	8 compass points.
	the way	to describe	skills to study	geography of key	ties on a map	mapping to	compass points	
	to school.	features e.g	the	human and physical		locate	confidently.	I can use longitude
		tall tree,	geographical	features.	I can use	countries;		and latitude to
	I can	long wall	features of	I can use world	maps, atlases	identify and	I can identify a	identify locations
	name		the local	maps, atlases to	and digital	describe	location using lines	(including time
	simple	I can use	environment.	identify the UK and	mapping to	features	of latitude and	zones).
Geographical	features	simple		contrasting	locate	studied.	longitude.	
Skills and	e.g trees,	directional	l can use	localities.	countries and			I can use field work
Fieldwork	ground,	language	simple	Lean use mans	describe	I can collect	I can research,	to create
	wall,	(near, far,	locational	I can use maps, atlases and globes to	features	and accurately	represent and	representations of a
	grass,	infront,	and	identify the	studied.	measure	interpret data	location.
	road	behind	directional	continents and		information	regarding extreme	
Hypothetical		etc.).	language	oceans.	I can start to	(e.g. rainfall,	weather and	I can use maps,
question -			including	oceans.	use the eight	temperature,	climate.	atlases, globes and
starter		I can ask	simple	I can use simple	points of a	wind speed,		digital/computer
		questions	compass	compass directions	compass,	noise levels	I can start to	mapping (Google
		about their	points (N, E,	(North, East, South	introduce four-	etc.).	analyse and draw	Earth) to locate
		familiar	S, W).	and West), to	figure grid		conclusions about	countries and
		world		describe the location	references,	I can choose	a place, based on a	describe features
		(where they	I can devise a	of features and	symbols and	appropriate	range of statistics.	studied.Use maps,
		live or the	simple map	routes on a map.	key (including	resources to		atlases, globes and
		natural	and use basic	I can use aerial	the use of	investigate an	I can start to use a	digital/computer
		world)	symbols in a	photographs and	Ordnance	aspect of an	range of resources	mapping (Google
			key of a	plan perspectives to	Survey maps)	area. (topic	to give support to	Earth) to locate
		I can	known	recognise landmarks	to build their	specific)	details and	countries and
		discuss	specific area.	and basic human	knowledge of		opinions of the	describe features
		daily		and physical	the United		characteristic	studied.
				. ,	Kingdom.		features of a place.	

	weather/	I can use	features: devise a			I can use fieldwork
	seasons.	world maps,	simple map; and use			to observe, measure
		atlases and	and construct basic			and record the
		globes to	symbols in a key.	I can use	I can use maps,	human and physical
		identify the		orienteering	atlases, globes and	features in the wider
		UK and its		skills to find	digital/computer	area using a range of
		countries		different	mapping (Google	methods, including
				locations.	Earth) to locate	sketch maps, plans
		l can use			countries and	and graphs, and
		locational		I can collect	describe features	digital technologies.
Geographical		and		data with a	studied.	
Skills and		directional		focus on		I can introduce the
Fieldwork		language e.g.		human	I can use the eight	use of quadrants to
		near, far,		geography,	points of a	compare the school
		keft, right,		and start to	compass, extend	and local
		up, down,		identify links	to eight-figure grid	environment
Hypothetical		forwards and		to physical	references,	
question –		backwards		geography.	symbols and key	
starter					(including the use	
		I can describe			of Ordnance	
		the location			Survey maps) to	
		of features			build their	
		and routes			knowledge of the	
		on maps and			United Kingdom in	
		photos of a			the past and	
		known			present.	
		specific area.				
		I can conduct				
		a survey to				
		collect data				



		WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP FOR OUR	SCHOOLS, OUR CHILDREN		
	(eg. types				
	and numbers				
	of plants /				
	weather				
	patterns).				
Geographical				I can use fieldwork	
Skills and	I can use			(residential and	
Fieldwork	simple digital			non residential) to	
	technology			observe, measure	
	to record			and record the	
	what is seen			human and	
Hypothetical	and support			physical features in	
question -	observation.			the wider area	
starter				using a range of	
				methods, including	
				sketch maps, plans	
				and graphs, and	
				digital	
				technologies.	
				I can use	
				orienteering skills	
				to locate different	
				objects on a given	
				map. Study the	
				environment by	
				pond dipping and	
				stream studies.	



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	trees	under	beach cliff	vegetation seasonal	rivers mountains,	volcano	topography	Name and locate
	grass	through	coast forest	daily (weekly monthly	natural resources,	earthquake	erosion stock stack	countries/cities on
	ground	next to	hill mountain	etc) fortnight	characteristic	epicentre	column cave cliff	other continents
	wall	behind	sea ocean	January February (etc)		zenith focus	wave force friction	that might be / have
	road	seasons	river soil		climate zones,	tectonic	gravity (from Sci	been in the news:
	weather	forest	valley	island peninsula	vegetation belts		NC)	Afghanistan Iran
	hot	river	continent		(forest, grassland,	biome		Iraq, Saudi Arabia,
	cold	beach	month year	poles equator	tundra, desert,	vegetation		Yemen, North &
Vocabulary	wet	house	season	temperature	ice sheet) climate	region	latitude longitude	South Korea, Hong
	snow	school		thermometer	soil <i>tropical</i>	dominant	Equator, N&S	Kong, Zimbabwe
		shop park	summer		temperate	environment	Hemisphere,	Sudan
			autumn	habitat, life cycle,		al	Tropics of Cancer &	
			winter spring	food chain, food web	igneous	anemometer	Capricorn,	
			(from Maths	(from Sci NC)	metamorphic	barometer	Prime/Greenwich	economy,
			NC)		sedimentary		Meridian	zone/sphere of
				compare order value	pressure heat	water cycle,		influence,
			weather hot	rank represents,	crystals fossil	precipitation	Name and locate	demographic
			cold <i>desert</i>	stands for, exact(ly)	organic (from Sci	evaporation	remaining	
			(vaguely; i.e.	round nearest	NC)	condensation	countries and	recurring quantities
			more detail			(from Sci NC)	capitals of the	scale proportion
			at Y3) rain	fractions	corresponding		Americas	ratio (from Maths
			gauge, wind		equivalent	negative		NC)
			sock, wind	symbol calculate,	positive negative	numbers	Identify countries	adaptation
			vane	measuring scale	,		and cities on other	evolution, survival of
					round up/down,	increase,	continents that are	the fittest, (from Sci
			equal to,		approximate(ly)	decrease	of interest to	NC)
			more/less	similarity difference	estimate	factor	children eg	,
			than, larger	,	remainder		Bangladesh	



			WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP FOR O	OR SCHOOLS, OOR CHIEDREIV	_		
	sm	naller most	office port harbour	data(base) row	plot quadrant	Indonesia Malaysia	
	led	ast half	estuary bay	column cell	origin	Singapore, New	
Vocabulary	wt	hole share				Zealand,	
	gro	oup	channel		economic	Madagascar	
				Regions: North	activity,	erosion	
	ab	ove below	material artificial	East, North West,	trade links,	distribution (of	
	un	nderneath	natural (from Sci NC)	Yorkshire and the	land use,	natural resources	
	cei	ntre		Humber, West	finance retail	etc)	
	jοι	urney guess		Midlands, East	municipal		
	ne	early		Midlands, East	industrial	arrive depart	
	rou	ughly, close		Anglia, (Greater)	employment	statistics timetable,	
	to,	, old(er)		London, South	infrastructure	line graph, bar line	
	ne	ew(er)		East, South West	, arable	chart, mode range	
					pastoral,	maximum	
				Orkney Shetland	mixed	minimum outcome	
	Eu	ırope Africa		Herbrides	farming,	(from Maths NC)	
	Ass	sia, North &		archipelago	carrying		
	So	outh			capacity,	million (from	
	An	merica,		authority council	statistics	Maths NC - so	
	An	ntarctica		government	contiguous	understand more	
	Au	ıstralia		borough district		than in Y3)	
				administration	impact		
	Pa	acific		municipality	settlement		
		lantic			waste		
	Ind	dian Arctic		Arctic Circle,	sewage		
	An	ntarctic		Antarctic Circle,	pollution,		
	(Sc	outhern)		tropics/tropical	sound		
					pollution		
	En	ngland		hemisphere (from	(from Sci NC)		
	Lo	ndon		Maths NC)			
	Sco	otland					
	Ed	linburgh					



	Wales	region, case		
	Cardiff,	study, contrast		
	Northern	compare		
	Ireland,	settlement		
Vocabulary	Belfast	locality		
	area same	community		
	different	culture energy		
	point	renewable		
	city town	minerals function		
	village	(inter)national		
	factory farm	canal waterway		
	house shop			
	weekend	amount worth		
	journey	expensive (from		
	abroad	Maths NC)		
	capital	million		
	country	billion		
	object (from			
	Sci NC			